Chumash Summer Packet Grade 3

NAME:____



Morah Schochet



TO MY DEAR STUDENTS

I got up early one morning
And rushed right into the day;
I had so much to accomplish
That I didn't have time to pray (daven.)

Problems just tumbled about me
And heavier came each task;

"Why doesn't help me?" I wondered
said: "But you didn't ask".

I wanted to see joy and beauty
But the day toiled on gray and bleak;
I wondered why didn't show me
Said: "But you didn't seek."

I tried to come into 50 's presence I used all my keys at the lock; 50 gently and lovingly replied 50 "My child, you didn't knock."

I woke up early THIS morning And paused before entering the day; I had so much to accomplish That I HAD to make time to pray (daven.)

SO DO NOT DELAY!!!!!!!

Don't forget to Daaven

Love, Morah Schochet







Dear Third Grade Parents,

I can hardly believe that this fabulous year of learning and fun has come to an end. Thank you for sharing your child with me. It has been an honor and a pleasure to be a part of your children's "Chinuch".

In order to maintain and reinforce all the skills your child has learned this year, it is mandatory that your child complete the summer packet. It will ensure a better foundation upon entering fourth grade Judaic Studies.

I also highly recommend the following:

- 1. **Monday and Wednesday** read 5 Psukim from your Chumash.
- 2. Tuesday and Thursday read Rashi for ten minutes.
- 3. Friday look up the weekly parsha on Torahtots.com and read it.
- 4. **Shabbat** Share the parsha and Pirkei Avot from the beautiful one you received at your Siyum.
- 5. Please encourage and remind your child to daven daily.

Have a wonderful summer.

Kol Tuv,

Morah B. Schochet

Judaic Studies Teacher

J&テンパ Mrs. Elena Holand

Assistant

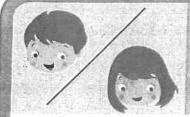


shevasummerpacketletter



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זְכְר/נְקַבְה

בְּדָרָךְ כְּלָל

- 4. A word that is יְמָבָּף refers to:
 - A -
 - B 💮 🦣
 - © 👸 🌑
 - (D)

- 5. A word that is אָבָל refers to:
 - **A**

 - © 💮 🧓
 - 0 6 6 6

6. A word is "ກໍລຸໝຸ" if:

- A there is a "n _ " or "n" at the end of the word
- B there is a "p' ." at the end of the word
- (C) there is a "i" at the end of the word
- ① there is "no specific ending" to the word



7. A word is "זְבָבַ" if:

- A there is "no specific ending" to the word
- (B) there is a "ni" at the end of the word
- © there is a "n" at the end of the word
- D there is a "n _" at the end of the word

8. Which word is "אָבָר"?

- (A) ภารูด์"
- **B** အသွန
- © ၁၁ဝ
- **ြာ သ**ို့ဒိ



9. Which word is "ຈຸລຸນຸ" ?

- (A) યત્રાંગ
- B f'yn
- (C ٦٠١/نگان
- چځ۶ ①





יָחִיד/יִחִידָה, רַבִּים/רַבּוֹת

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

10. יַמִיבּ =

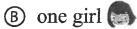
- (A) one boy (S)
- B 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)
- © one girl
- ② 2 or more girls

11. בְּבוֹת.

- A one boy
- B 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)
- © one girl
- ① 2 or more girls ②

12. p'a₂ =

A 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)



- © one boy 🦃
- D 2 or more girls

13. הַּיָּמִיּ =

- (A) one girl (S)
- B 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)



one boy

14. When there is a "or "or "or" at the end of a word, it is:						
	© νίας © ε'ες Β εξ'ρ'; (Β) εξ'ρ';					
15. W	hen there is "no	o specific endir	ng" in a word, i	t is:		
	(<u>)</u> אָייִיצּ					
	® ୬३'ဢ'̞					
	(C)					
	© Niaj					
16. Th	16. The word "ടരും" is:					
	(A) niaz	® છ'રૂગ્	ָׁטְיִנְּכָּה 🔘	لَّنِٰ,٤ (D		
17. Th	17. The word "שַׁאוֹת" is:					
	rein (A	ق كريا توناط (B	© عغٰ,ڬڔ۬	ָהָיגָּג (D) אָיָרִינָּ		
18. The word "אְנֵהֶּלֶּת" is:						
	ERIT (A)	® b¦∌J	© ၿဒံ့ည် [‡]	تْن _، د @		
19. "ກ່າວ່າວ" means:						
	(A) cup	® cups	© milk	(D) honey		
20. "מָקְבּוּקִ'ם means:						
	(A) paper	B bottle	© bottles	(D) pen		
לוסרות לוויטך אורני CONSORTIU HEWISH DAY SCHI	M of		ה, רַבִּים/רַבּוֹת	יָחִיד/יְחִידָ Page 6		



זְכָר/נְקֵבְה יַחִיד/יְחִידָה, רַבִּים/רַבּוֹת

בְּדֶרֶרְ כְּלָל

21. The word "אָכְתָּהִ'ם is:

- (A) אָלָ and מָבֶר אַ and בָּבָר
- نَّرَٰرُہ and کِحْرِد ®
- Ceit and high
- יִיתִיבָּה and אְמֵבָּה 🛈

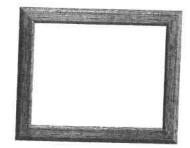


22. The word "אָצָרָה is:

- (A) רְבָּיִ and מָבָר (A)
- رُر'د and چَرْد (B)
- Ceict and high
- D ગર્ગેંગ and ગરં,પં.રંહ

23. The word "אַסְטָּרָת" is:

- (A) רְבָּי and מָבָר (A)
- ® אָכָל and פֿבָר
- © ग्रेट्रें and प्रांकर
- ेंपं.हं ध वाप नेंदेंध



24. The word ">130" is:

- א לָכָר (A) מיל and מיל and מיל
- پُرناد and چُرْد (B)
- © नव्राय and प्रविद्
- စာ ၁ခုည် and ၁ဒုံကုံ





בְּדֶרֶהְ כְּלָל

25. אופית =

- A root (letters from which a word can be built)
- (B) verb (action)
- © a letter attached to the beginning of a word (prefix)
- (suffix)

26. p3 y pe =

- (A) noun (person, place or thing)
- (B) root (letters from which a word can be built)
- © prefix
- (D) verb (action)

27. /ছুভ =

- (A) a letter attached to the beginning of a word (prefix)
- (B) verb (action)
- © noun (person, place or thing)
- an "ending" attached to the end of a word (suffix)

28. What is the סופית in the word "אָטורְגְּכֶּם"?

- (A) "3,7,1c"
- (B) "ICN"
- "cq" (1)
- (D) "x"

29. Which word is a "p3x pg"?

- (A) swimming
- (B) writing
- © marching
- (D) Eretz Yisrael

30. Which word is a "fyo"?

- A Yerushalayim B banging
- © sky
- (D) stars





תִּחְלִיוֹת

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלֶל

- 31. Can there be two מְלְיוֹת attached to a word?
 - A yes
 - ® no
 - © never
 - (D) always



- **32.** "ɔ" =
- (A) the
- ® in/with
- © and
- (D) like

- **33.** "e" =
- (A) in/with
- (B) the
- © from
- ① that

- 34. "วู" =
- (A) and
- **B** like
- © like the
- ① that

- **35.** "يَّ =
- (A) in/with
- B in/with the
- © that
- ① from

- **36.** "\{ \(\) =
- (A) from
- ® to/for
- © to/for the
- (D) like

- 37. What is the אָרְאָיִר in the word "אַנרּה"?
 - A "ຈຸ"
- B א,ר,ה
- © "NI"
- (D) "I"



- 38. What are the מְתְּלִּיִים in the word "וּאֲהַפָּסִיק"?
 - (A) "മഉ"
- B "p+1"
- © "จหา"
- @ "pioo"



- 39. What is the מְתְלֵּיִת in the word "הּלָּיָלָם"?
 - A "8,",8"
- B "ゎ ゛
- © "a"
- D "fa"







שָׁרְשִׁים

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

- 44. These are the common letters that can be hidden in a eye:
 - (A) J, J, Jc
 - Sl, ج, خ, ۶ 📵
 - q. c, s, a.
 - ر, ۱, ۱, ه 📵
- 45. What is the פּיָפ in the word "אְצַבְּרִים??
 - M, E, G. A
 - B 1,2,3
 - ۵,۲,۲
 - ר, ',א (🛈
- **46.** What is the פֿרָפ in the word "בּוֹרְטֶוֹק"?
 - A) Ic , J , Ic
 - ر, عا, م B
 - C, 2l, @ (2)
 - D, C, 8 (1)



Choose the correct eye:

47. find =

- (A) lc,3,x (B) lc,3,'
- (C),1,6
- D,7,9,N

48. eat/assist =

- (A) 1c,3,1

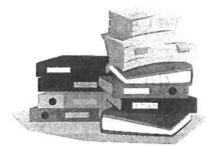
49. stand =

50. bow down =

- (A) f, >, ' (B) π, π, e (C) π, f, ϵ (D) $3, 1, \gamma$

51. lift/carry =

- (A) N,1,6
- (B) 5,1,3 (C) 1c,e,J
- (D) 2,8,5





סופיות - כנויים

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

Choose the correct n'@io:



56. me, my =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$



58. them, their =

- (D) "·IJ"

59. them, their =

- "ç(" @



60. us, our =

- "ڕٳ" ۞

61. you, your =

- (A) "J" (B) "p;>"
- (C) "|a/| | (D) "pa/p, "

62. The "' ַ" אוֹפָּוֹס is:

- $(A) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$

63. The "ה ַ " חיפּוֹס is:

- (عغٰ,ڬذٰ
- (D) 3'D'

64. The "הָ" ה'ִּסִּוֹס is:

- (A) σία (Β)(B) σία (Σεία (Β)(C) σία (Β)
- © عغٰ,ڬٰ،ٰ
- (D) عبة;

65. The "ו/ו" היפוס is:

- (A) Jian
 - رَةِ'a (B
- © จรู'ทฺ'
- (D) 3,15,¹

66. The "إيرال " ח'@io is:

- © จรุ'ทฺ'
- (D) عبن'.

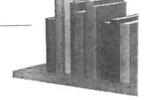
67. The "ຊ" ກ'ອຸio is:

- A Jiay B p'ay
- ָיִמִינִ © אַיִמִינָ © זְיִמִינָ פּ



68. The "בְּן" אוסוס is:

- (A) Jiaz



69. The "pຈູ/pຸ " ກ'ອຸio is:

- (الله هـ هـ الله هـ الله

70. The "בְּמָ" הַפּוֹס is:

- A niaz
- Β αίν,Β αίν,<

71. The "ປ" ກ່ອາວ is:

- (D) 3'm'

72. What is the סוֹפִית in the word "יָבוֹרִי"?

- (A) "lc,1"
- B "lc"
- © "ئن"



73. What is the סוֹפִית in the word "וְצִיכֶּן"?





Rules & Concepts – הוֹפׁליוֹת

בְּדָרָדְ כְּלָל

74. When there is a "' _ " الله إلى attached to a pay pg, the pay pg is:

(A) זְמִידּ (B) זְמִידִּ (B) זְמִידִּ (B)

© אַיִּלְינָּתּ D all of the answers

- الريز المريزيرم عادر عادد المريزيرم عادد المريزيرم عادد المريزير عادد المريزيرم *75.* |
 - (A) my brother
 - B my brothers
 - © her brother
 - (D) your brothers
- 76. When a pay pe is יְמִיצָּה and it is attached to a הוֹפִים, the "n _ " is replaced with a:

(A) "\n"

© nothing © "e"

- 77. pɔ̯ກ̪xin =
 - α bý α
 - B poffe syin
 - พัน ลิจิริส 🔘
 - mid agada





78.	At times, when there is a "'" before the pioo, the "'" is:
	(A) a הַּיְתַּרָה "י" and does not have a translation (B) translated as "he"
	© a bầ k bẽ
	(D) a ာ'မိုာက္
79.	ייבוֹבְ אֹבְ יוֹיַ בּיִים וֹיִי וֹחַ בּיִי וֹיִי in the word "יִבּוֹבְ":
	A tells you the py pg to which it is attached is רָבִּים/רָבּוֹת
	® is a ລາງກຸ່າລ "'"
	. © is part of the ອາອ
	(D) is a က'န်ကုနာ
80.	At times, when there is a "'" before the اهِ أَوْر , the pْغ په وْ is:
	igotarrow $igotarrow$ $igoram$ $igotarrow$ $igoram$ $igotarrow$ $igoram$ $igotarrow$
81.	אַבּנִינו יוֹכּן אָר אַנּיִין – The word "אַבּנִיין =
	(A) my servant (B) his servant (C) his servants (D) our servant
82.	At times, a """ at the end of a word, can be a:
0.20	A ax'z'a "a" B after "a" $\mathbb C$ agr'a "a" $\mathbb D$ n'fing
83.	אָרָכ פּן לִי לֹכוֹ יִ סְּתְּרָם יִים וֹעָרָ בּוֹלִי בּיַ אַ וֹנִי לֵּכוֹ בּיַ אַ הַ יִּים וֹנִי לַכּיַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ ווֹי לַכּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ אַ יִּיִּ אַ וּיִי לַכּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ אַ יִּיִּ אַ וּיִי לַכּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ אַ יִּיִּ אַ וּיִי לַכּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ יִּיִ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַבּי אָ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַנְייִ בּיִ בּיַ אַנְיִי בּיִ בּיַ אַנְיִי בּיִ בּיַ אַנְיִי בּיִ בּיַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַבּי בּיַ אַ בּיַ אַ בּיַ אָבּי בּיַ בּיַ בּיַ בּיַ בּיַ בּיַ בּיַ ב
	(A) after "a" (B) ax'z'a "a" (C) n'finn (D) aan'a "a"

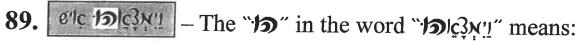
סופיות דומות

Look Alike "7"

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

- **84.** \mathfrak{D}_{\bullet} : The " \mathfrak{D}_{\bullet} " means:
 - A to/fic
- B her, it/its
- © him/his, it/its © she did
- **85.** "attached to the end of a word means:
 - (A) they (did) (B) she (did) (C) her, it/its
- (D) to/blc
- 86. "13" attached to the end of a word means:
 - (A) they
- (B) to/fic (init) (b) she (did)
- 87. "attached to the end of a word means:
 - A you (3'n') did B her, it/its C she (did) D to/flc

- אָנְרֵיְאָפּ" means: אַנְרֵיְאָפּ" הּוֹרִיצּ אַנְרִיְאָפּ" הּוֹרִיצּ אַנְרִיְאָפּ"
 - (A) her/it, its
- B she (did)
- (c) to/ δ)c
- (D) him/it



- A to/flc
- (B) him/it
- (C) her
- (D) them
- 90. اَوْرَادِ عَالَيْ الْعَرْمُ means: The "عُرِيْ رَعَالِهُ عَلَى الْعِيْرِ مِالِهُ عَلَى الْعُوْمِ عَلَى الْعُومِ عَلَى الْعُمْ عَلَى الْعُومِ عَلَى الْعُومِ عَلَى الْعُمْ عَلِي الْعُمْ عَلَى الْعُمْ عَلَى الْعُمْ عَلَى الْعُمْ عَلَى الْعُمْ عَلَى الْعُمْ عَلْ
 - A part of the word B him/it, its C to/Dc D she (did)





סוֹפִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת ״ת״

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

91. "ກຸ່ລ" means:

- (A) house of
- (B) houses of
- (C) house
- (D) houses

92. "אְעֹרֵת" means:

- (A) lamp
- (B) lamps of
- © lamp of
- (D) lamps



סוֹפִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת "י"

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלֵל

- (A) my shepherds
- ® my shepherd
- © shepherd of
- (D) to shepherd



94. "יצָי' =

- A shepherds of
- (B) shepherd of
- © my shepherd
- (D) my shepherds

95. "יֹצֵי' =

- (A) shepherds of
- B shepherd of
- © my shepherds
- my shepherd



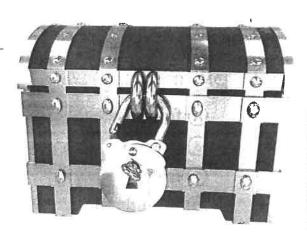
סוֹפִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת "נ"

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

Translate the Joio:

- 96. Deen means:
 - A bring her back
 - B bring him back
 - © bring us back
 - D bring me back
- 97. Upon means:
 - A return her
 - ® return me
 - © return him
 - ① return us
- 98. ປົກກ: means:
 - A he will take me
 - B he will take us
 - © he will take her
 - he will take him
- 99. الإرالية means:
 - A he will take him
 - (B) he will take me
 - © he will take us
 - he will take her

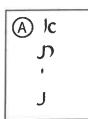




`it'

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

100. The following סוֹפִּיוֹת can mean "it":





מ + סופית

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

101. "אַאָש" means:

- (A) from her/it
- B from you (רוֹבּאוֹת)
- © from you (יָמִיגִּ)
- (D) from him/it or from us



102. "אָכֶן means:

- () from us (הַצִּילִינְיּנְהַ')
- (באוֹת) B from you (צוֹבּהוֹת)
- © from you (זְיִנִינּי)
- D from them (nia)

103. "אָאֵק" means:

- (יְמִינָּה) from you (יְמִינָּה)
- (אָמִיג) B from you (זְמִיג)
- © from you (בּבּוֹת)
- (בְּבִּים) from you (בַּבִּים)

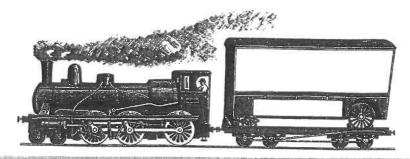
סוֹפִיוֹת - סְמִיכוּת

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

- 104. When there is a "סְאִיכוּת" at the end of a word, it is translated as:
 - (A) in/with
- B of/fe
- © to/for
- (D) to/b)c
- 105. The page pe attached to a "ת" סאִיכוּת יתי is:
 - rain A
- B p'az
- © จรฺ'ทฺ'ฺ
- (D) ع'بي'
- 106. The אָיכוּת " מוֹפּית: סְאִיכוּת " מי attached to a "' מוֹפּית: סְאִיכוּת " is:
 - إلا المارك
- **B** p'ລາ
- (ّ) عغٰ,نٰ
- (D) 3'n'

- 107. "ກຼະໂອ້າກຸ" means:
 - A her prayers / ກໍ່ໃຊ້ ກໍ່ໄອ້ກຸ
 - B prayer of / le afon
 - C her prayer / அန် အနှစ်သု
 - D my prayers / 'le nilop

- 108. "'?'" means:
 - (A) hand of $/ \delta g 3'$
 - B hands of / δ¢ p'3'.
 - (my hand / 'fe 3'
 - (D) my hands / '﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ إِن اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّلَّا اللَّهُ الللَّاللَّا الللَّاللَّا الللَّا الللَّا الللَّا الللَّهُ اللّل





סוֹפִיוֹת - עֲבַר

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

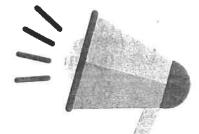
113.
$$\mathfrak{D}_{\frac{\theta}{\tau}} \rightarrow \frac{\theta}{\theta} =$$

- A he did ______
- B we did ______ sys picton
- She did _______

- A she did ______
- B he did _______
- D we did ______

115. "נקנים" =

- A he called or he (did) call
- B they called or they (did) call
- © she called or she (did) call
- (D) we called



116. "קּרָטָּוּה" =

- A she called or she (did) call
- B they called or they (did) call
- © he called or he (did) call
- (D) they called





"ו" הַהִפּוּךְ

בְּדָרֶךְ כְּלָל

- 117. The הַפּפּוּק "ו" tells you _____ something happened.
 - (A) when
 - B fyø/verb
 - © the place
 - (D) and he (did)
- 118. The בְּפְּפּוּק "ו" is always attached to a:
 - A place
 - B Jojo/suffix
 - © fğö/verb
 - D b3k b6/nonu
- 119. The "יֵיֵי in the word יֵיַם means:
 - (A) and she (did)
 - B and you (did)
 - © when
 - (D) and he (did)





בְּדֶרֶדְ כְּלָל

120. Sometimes "nlç/nlç" can mean:

- (A) "from" (B) "with" (C) "I will" (D) "she will"

121. The word "nlc/nlc" usually:

- (A) means "I will"
- (B) means "like"
- C) is a n'oio
- (D) does not have an English translation

122. afx = ____ + nlç

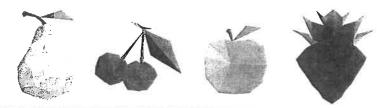
- Α π'ΘίοΒ βκό
- () ည ရှည်ကို () ဧဒီ ရှ

123. "inlç" means:

- (A) him
- (B) with him
- © with her
- (D) our

124. "אוֹכָע means:

- (seigh) with them (siaz)
- B with them (מְבָּיִם)
- (c them (p'2)
- (seigh) them (siaz)





מְלוֹת יַחַס

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלֶל

125. "py" means:

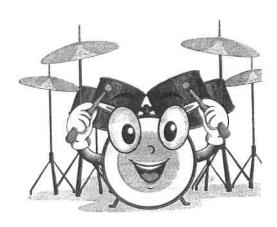
- (A) on
- B before C if
- (D) with

126. "בֹּין" means:

- (A) before
- **B** between
- © from
- ① to

127. อร์ห = _____ + อก' ภร์ห

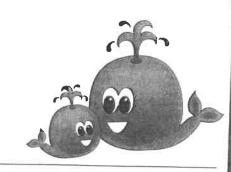
- اق در 🔌
- ه کارانانانا
- © bầá bể
- (D) 62,6





חֶלְקֵי מִלִים

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל



129. "ລຸລຸ" =

130. "pęż?" =

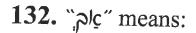
131. "יֹאָסְצּוּרֵי" =



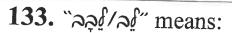


מָלִים הַחוֹיְרוֹת עַל עַצְּמָן

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל



- A heavens/sky B who
- © but, only
- ① you



- A place
- (B) when
- © donkey
- (D) heart



134. "plç" means:

- (A) with
- ® if
- © silver/money
 - (D) bread



135. "ກຸຢູ່ໄຊ" means:

- (A) these
- (B) heart
- © because of
 - (D) morning

136. "pę" means:

- (A) hunger
- (B) heavy/hard
- (C) no
- (D) also

137. "הוֹצֶה means:

- (A) find
- B shepherd
- © see
- (D) city

012 3456 789

מספרים

138. "7" (ميني) =

- B p'ya@
- © ၈နဲ့ခုဖုံ
- (D) หฺวิตู

139. "6" (ກລຸກຸ) =

- פּשׁת צַשָּׁר (A)
 - B 66
 - © 266
 - D p'es

140. "4" (125) =

- פורה א אטות 🖲
- 📵 ခန့်ဆူပြင
- סורה אים
- סורהא @





• דבור הַמַתְחִיל, • אוֹתִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

141. Which words are the "לַּצְּתְרָתִי ?"?

וְהַרְבָּה אַרְבָּה. מַחַת לְמָב, וְמַחַת לְבָּן (פס)

- »عِارِم أَعِادٍ (A)
- B "ါအ်ရီ သည်၊ငဲ့"
- © "(pe)"
- D "ຈຸລຸງໄຊ ຈຸລຸງລຸງ"

® "**>**″

B "1"

® "**⊅**″

B) "5"

B) "f"



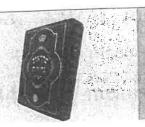
149. "ภรุโบตู" =

C.

- שָׁנוֹפְדָה" (B "שֶׁנוֹלְדָה" (A)
- "שָׁנוֹלְדָה" 🛈 שׁנוֹלְדָה"

150. "nisos" =

- אָלְםְלוּא" (B) "לִּםְלוּא"
- "לְסְלוֹתַ" ("לִסְלוֹתַ" ("לִסְלוֹתַ"



פֹנֵר מִנְיַן פֶּנֶרק וּפְּסוּק

Complete the order:

?___,יב, יג, יד, 151.

- א א)
- BIV
- (C) کا
- יד ©

152.

- טו, טז,
- (A)
- וו פו
- ©יט
- $\mathbf{G} \oplus$

153.

? ___ יט, יין, יין

- (A)
- (C)
- (D)

Page



Read the p'plop below.

אונקלום

יד נְאֲמֵר לִיהּ לָבֶן, בְּרֵם קַרִיבִי וּבְסְרִי אַתְּ; וְיתֵיבּ
עמֵיהּ, יְרַח. טו נִאָמֵר לָבֶן, לְיַצְקוֹב, הַמִּדְּאָחִי
אַתְּ, וְתִפְלְחַנַּנִי מַגָּן; טו לִי, מָא. טו וּלְלָבָן, תַּרְתִּין
בְּנָן: שוֹם רַבְּּחָא לִאָה, וְשׁוֹם וְעֵירְתָא. יוֹ וְעֵינִי
לְאָה, יָצְיָן; וְרָחַל, הַנְת, שַׁפִּירָא בְּרִינָא, וְיָאָיָא.
יח וּרְחֵים יַצְקוֹב, יָת רָחַל; נִאָמַר, אֶפְלְחַנַּהְּ
שְׁבַע שְׁנִין, בְּרָחֵל בְּרַתָּה. יט נַאֲמַר לָבָן, טִבּ
דְּאֶתֵין יָתַהּ לָהְ, מִדְּאָתִין יִתָה, לְגְבַר אָחֲרָן; תִּיב.
דְּאֶתִין יְתַהּ לְרָּ, מִדְּאָתִין יְתַהּ, לְגְבַר אָחֲרָן; תִּיב.
א וְחָזְת רְחַל, אֲרִי לָא יְלִידַת לְיַעְקוֹב, וְקַנִּיאַת רְחַל, בְּנִין,
וְאָם לָא מִיְתָא. ב וּתְקִיף רֻגְּזָא דְיַעֲקוֹב, בְּרָחַל;
וְאָמֵר, הַמִּנִּי אַתְּ בְּעִיָּא הָלָא מוֹ קֵדָם ה' תִּבְעוֹ,
וֹאָמֵר, הָמִנִּי אַתְּ בְּעִיָּא הָלָא מוֹ קֵדָם ה' תִּבְעוֹ,
וֹלְדָּא. ג וִאָמַרת, הָא אַמְתִּי בִּלְהָה

פַּרָשַׁת וַיִּצֵא

כט יד וַיּאמֶר לוֹ לָבָן אַךְּ עַצְמִי וּבְשָּׁרִי אָתָּה וַיִּשֶׁב עִמּוֹ חֹדֶשׁ: טוּ וַיֹּאמֶר לָבָן לְיִעֲלְב הַכִּי אָחִי אַתְּה וַעֲבַדְתַּנִי חִנָּם הַגִּידָה לִּי מַה: אָחִי אַתְּה וַעֲבַדְתַּנִי חִנָּם הַגִּידָה לִּי מַה: טוּ וּלְלָבָן שְׁתִּי בְנוֹת שֵׁם הַגְּדֹלָה לֵאָה וְשֵׁם הַקְּטְנָה: יז וְעֵינֵי לֵאָה וַכּוֹת וְרָחֵל הָיְתָה יְפַת תֹּאֵר וִיפַת: יח וַיֶּאֶהָב יַעֲלְב אָת רָחֵל הַיְתָה יְפַת אָעֶבְרְךְ שֶׁבַע שְׁנִים בְּרָחֵל בִּתְּדְ: יט וַיֹּאמֶר לָבָן טוֹב תִּתִּי אֹתָה לְאִישׁ אַחֵר שְׁבָה: טוֹב תִּתְּה לָךְ מִתְּה לְיִצְלְב הַבְּה לִיצְלְב וַתְּקַנֵּא רָחֵל בִּיְחַל בִּיְתַל בִּנְים וְאִם אַיִן מֵּתְר אֶל יַעֲלְב הָבָה לִי בְנִים וְאִם אַיִן מַתְר אַל יַעֲלְב בְּרָחֵל וַיֹּאמֶר הְנִה וְאִם אַיִן מְתָה: בּוְיִּחַר אַף יִעֲלְב בְּרָחֵל וַיֹּאמֶר הְנֵה אַמְּתִי אָלְיִם מְמֵּךְ פְּרָחֵל וַיֹּאמֶר הְנֵה אַמָּתִי מְמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הִנֵּה אֲמָתִי אָנִי מְמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הִנֵּה אֲמָתִי אָמָר הְנֵע מִמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הִנֵּה אֲמָתִי בְּנֵע מִמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הִנֵּה אֲמָתִר הְנֵע מִמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הִנֵּה אֲמָתִי בְּנִע מִמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הִנֵּה אֲמָתִי בְּנִע מִמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הְנֵב מִנְ מִבֵּן בְּבִּיר בִּיִי ג וַתֹּאֵר הְנֵב מִנִים מְמֵּב בְּבְּרִי: ג וַתֹּלְאמֶר הְנֵב מִנְע מִמֵּן בְּּבִיר בִּיִי ג וַבְּיִב בְּיִל בְּיִי בְנִים וְאַשְׁר מְנֵע מִמֵּךְ פְּרִי: ג וַתֹּאמֶר הִנֵּה אֲמָתִי

בִלְהָה בֹּא אֵלֶיהָוְתֵלֵדעַל בִּרְכֵּיןְאִבָּנֶה גַם אָנֹכִי: לֹא לח זָה עֶשְׂרִים שָׁנָה אָנֹכִי עִמָּךְ רְחֵלֶיךְּ וְעִזֶּיךְּ לֹא שְׁכֵּלוּ וְאֵילִי צֹאנְךְ לֹא: לט טְרֵפָּה לֹא הֵבֵאתִי אֵלֶיךְ אָנֹכִי אֲחַשֶּׁנָּה מִיָּדִי תְּבַקְשֶׁנָּה גְּנָבְתִי יוֹם וּגְנָבְתִי שְׁנָה בְּנִיתְר שְׁנָתִי בִיּוֹם אֲכָלַנִי חֹרֶב וְקָרַח בַּלְּיְלָה וַתִּדֵּד שְׁנְתִי: מא זָה לִי עֶשְׂרִים שָׁנָה בְּבֵיתֶךְ מְ תְּבִיר שְׁנְתִי בִיּוֹם אֲכָלַנִי חֹרֶב וְקָרַח בַּלְיְלָה וַתִּדֵּד שְׁנְתִי: מא זָה לִי עֶשְׂרִים שָׁנָה בְּשְׁתֵּי בְנֹתֶיךְ וְשֵׁשׁ שָׁנִים בְּצֹאנֶךְ וַתַּחְלֵף אֶת־מַשְׂכֵּרְתִּי עֲשֶׂרֶת: עֲשֶׂרֶת: עֲשֶׂרֶת:

154. The first 3 words in פֶּרֶק כ״ט פָּסוּק ט״ז are:

- יְישֵׁם הַקְּטַנָּה רָחֵל" (A)
- B "וְעֵינֵי לֵאָה רַכּוֹת"
- ("וַיּאמֶר לָבָן טוֹב" יוַ
- וּלְלָכָן שְׁתֵּי כָנוֹת" 🛈

155. The first 3 words in פֶּרֶק ל״א פְּסוּק מ׳ are:

- (יַוַתִּדַר שְׁנָתִי מֵעֵינָי 🏔 יַרַתַּדַר שְׁנָתִי
- ® "הָיִיתִי בַיּוֹם אֲכָלַנִי"
- (יֶדָה עֶשְׂרִים שָׁנָה")
- וֹתַּאמֶר הָנֵּה אֲמָתִי" (וֹתֹּאמֶר הָנֵּה אֲמָתִי"





פָּסוּק חָדָשׁ

(מַפֶּר יָהוֹשֶׁעַ א׳ א׳)

- Read the plos below and translate it to yourself.
- Then answer the following questions.

ויהי אחרי מות משה עבר ה' ויאמר ה' אַל יְהוֹשׁע בּן נוּן מִשְׁרֵת (servant of) משָּה לָאמֹר

Translate the following words from the pioo.

156. "וַיְהִי אַחֲרֵי" =

- (A) and it was before
- (B) and it is different
- © after they will
- (D) and it was after

157. "וַיּאמֶר ה׳ אֶל יְהוֹשַעַ בִּן נוּן" =

- A and la ছিল্ডা, said to ত্
- B and 'n said to JU মুন্ত ধুণ্ডান'
- ত 's said that ju is the son of খুণ্ডান'
- D and ফুণ্টান' heard 'n say



158. Who was the 'ה אָבֶּ?

- (A) fu
- B JEN
- Cho la Réjui
- ြာ ဗက္ခ ကြ

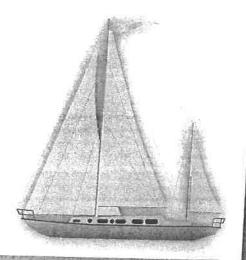


159. Who was the אָפָרת אפָּר?

- Aln
- B 86121,
- © กตุ๋ม himself
- (၂) နက္သေ

160. What happened after new died?

- A אַנְיִי שָּׁרָבוּ gathered together
- (B) nothing
- © אָפָּוֹסְיְ was called an 'הּפוֹשָאַ
- D 'n spoke to ধুণ্ডান'





סוֹפִּיוֹת צוֹאוֹת "נ"



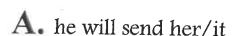
ט. דבישלם את בעבלה.

ည, မွင်္ဂါင	אָאָרִית	اق الر "ل"	
		が 。(1	
		2) لِ	
		IJ _" (3	
		U (4	

Choose the correct letter from the answers below () and write it on the line provided.



กรี่ด้ม	(4	
Lun Par	/	



B. our kindness

C. he will sent me

D. we sent

E. he will send him/it





"it"/"ח") • סוֹפִּיוֹת

יָמִיצּ/יְמִיצָּהּ, וַבִּּיִם/כְבּוֹת •

Circle the correct letter and write it on the line provided.



1) A	word with a ""n" J a. of b. to	o is translated as: c. you (יָמ'?) will <i>or</i> she will d. the
2) In	general, when the a. ז'ִרִי'ִר b. גָּבָר'יִמִיּדָּה b. יְמָבָּהּ	·
3) The	a. to	gs "אָנֶ", "אָ", "אַ" can be translated as: c. it (יְמִייָּ) d. we/us
4) The	following ending a. we/us	s "/ i" , "เอ" , "ป " can be translated as: c. it (ภรุ'ทฺ')

d. they (p:ج)



b. it (3'n')

יב. שִׁים עַבְּמִקְבָּנֶת הַנְכוֹנָה.

		7			
niaz	کۈ,ط	อรุ่าว'	יָמִיצּ	ارق,د	
				"ર્ગ્યું ૂ" (1	
				"1/i" (2	
				"ņ" (3	
				"jn" (4	
				"n _, " (5	
				"IJູ" (6	





Circle the correct letter and write it on the line provided.





1) The word	″ɲlç″		
a. is a,	ာ 'န်ာကု	c. points something ou	t .
b. is a	,n _j	d. is a p3x pe	
a. does b. mea c. mea	, the word "ח' not have an Er ns "of" ns "like" ns "I will"	ç": nglish translation	
3) Sometimes	, the word "חור,	ç " is translated as:	
a. with		c. if	
b. from		d. no	
	at is a combina to the סופית	ation of "ɲ'ạlo + ɲlç" :	is translated
	ord nic mean		
	•	not have an English tra	nslation
	ord nç means	_	Holanon
	ord Nc means		
	*	ï	
5) with them (n)	<u> </u>	7) me =	
a. pilc	c. pplc	a. ມມຸງİç	c. 'Milc
ь. үліс	d. p.p.ilc	b. 'J)c	d. ااربح,
6) you (p'aִ?) =		8) us =	
a. اېچار	c. pသုဂ္ပါင	a. p.plc	c. Jupilc
) Y = 1 Y	, w-,	1	



p. اگاناخ

b. البيار

d. Milc

c. ماراد

d. پارېچ





- a. to (the) land
- b. of her land
- c. her land
- d. from (the) land

- a. hands
- b. to (the) hands
- c. her hands
- d. (the) hand of

- a. of (the) son
- b. to (the) son
- c. her son
- d. his son

- a. and he felt them
- b. and he felt to him
- c. and he felt him
- d. and he felt of him

- a. angels of
- b. angel of
- c. my angel
- d. my angels

- a. to father
- b. fathers of
- c. my fathers
- d. my father

- a. year to
- b. years of
- c. year of
- d. from years









- ____ ו) The פֿרָש in the word הַפּּוּק means:
 - a. look
 - b. opposite/turn around
 - c. rise
 - d. take



- ____ 2) The "ו" in a מַּפּפּוּק "ו" word usually means:
 - a. like
- c. of
- b. and
- d. the
- ____ 3) A อุเอลล "1" can "turn around" a word from ____.
 - a. small letters to big letters
 - p. よべん → までしま or ンラネ ← よべん
 - c. ล'บารุ ← อมู่จ or อมู่จ ← ล'บารุ
 - d. ຈາູ່ຈ ← າລຸຮຸ or າລຸຮຸ ← ຈາູ່ຈ
- ____ 4) In the word "וַרָּטוֹאַרְנָה", the "שַ בַ פַ אַ means:
 - a. and you (3'ry') (did)
 - b. and she (did)
 - c. and they (מָבִים) (did)
 - d. and you (אוֹם) (did) or and they (מבּוֹת) (did)
- ____ 5) The "ותצַבּה" in the word "זַרַעַצָּבּה" means:
 - a. and he (did)
 - b. and we (did) or and I (did)
 - c. and you (did) or and she (did)
 - d. and they (did)



-			
	77	◚	mq
- Ł		IJ	_1

- 6) In the word "ilc?!", the "i @ _ @ !!" means:
 - a. and they (בְּיִם) (did) c. and she (did)
 - b. and they (nia) (did) d. and he (did)
- 7) In the word "اِيْرِ", the "اِيْر means:
 - a. and he (did)
 - b. and we (did) or and I (did)
 - c. and you (did) or and she (did)
 - d. and they (did)



510000 1

אִים כָּל מִלָּה צַּמָקוֹם הַנָכוֹן.





and they	
(/	7
(8	3
A	The section

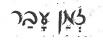
and they	ر د د
	(5
	(6

lc'ภ	1	
		(3
 		(4

lc	151
	(1
	(2

ອງໄ**ຕ**ຸກຸກຼາ ວ<u>ອກາ</u> ותאבנה ויפתחו







י. בש מלא אָת בּטִבְּלָב.

سَرْجُمْ فَعَالِجُهُ رَدَّ	الله قواف،لا	bë "nə
HE	ତୈହ୍	lan (1
	กล่ว์จุ	บทุป ี่c (2
	င်္ကာဇ်ဘု ^န) 5 jrja
	าว์ เลื่อรู้	4) إ لاٰ
	અર્લ્ડે કર્ષ	lc' ភ় (5
	ڻخاور	์ อบ๋า c (6
-	ည်နဲ့ဘွဲ့ရှိ	္ဂာါ င္ (7
	1696	a/pa (8
	h ක්වේ)	ه عارث ا



רַבְּ"י: אוֹתִיוֹת דּוֹאוֹת

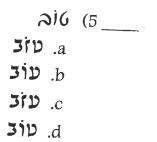




) (8
D.c) .a
7.d	> .b
5 .c 1 .d	3 (9 7 .a
5 .c 1 .d	7 .a 3 .b
) .c [.d) .a D .b
} .c 7 .d] (12] .a D .b
5 .c	D (13 D .a 7 .b
b .c > .d	D (14 D .a 7 .b

	% (1
5 .c	D .a
L .d	U .b
	0
	П (2
6 .c	D .a
5.d	v .b
D .u	d. ت
	(3
ſ.c	·-
) .a
1 .d	n .b
	1 (4
r.c	a .a
1 .d	n .b
	じ (5
n .c	v.a
P.d	b .b
	y (6
n .c	v .a
**	5 .b
	5 (7
D.c	> .a
ı.u	b .b

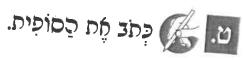






pခု'ဣ႞င္	(1
a. אֲכִיכֶּס	
d. מְמִיכֶם	
c. מֲמֵיכֶם	
d. אֲמִיכֶּס	

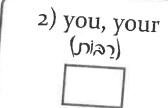
, ,	İçf	(2	
לְמָׁדוֹן			
לְמָדוֹן	.b		
לְמָדוֹן			
לְמָדוֹן	.d		





בֿס״ד

1) you, your	1
(,'\d'\)	



3) him/his, it/its	
or	

4)	her,	it/its

5) us, our	

6) you, your
(دِھ;ھ)

em, Dian	their
or	

8) them, their	r
or	

9)	you,	your
	(שבּֿגל)	?)

10) me, my	
or	Li Co







_ 1) At times, when there is a "'" before the מוֹס'ס, it can be:

c. replaced with a "n "

d. translated as "he"

2) When a אָנֶק: יְמִיצָּה pg is attached to a אָפָסי, the "ה, " is replaced with a:

b. nothing

d. "'"

3) At times, when there is a "'" before the pioo, the pi is:

b. 3'n'

c. ח/באות.

4) When there is a "'_" at the end of a word, the p3x pe is:

a. 3''<u>'</u>,

b.リカラン/p'あっ

c. ภรู'กู'

5) When there is an "' " at the end of a word, the p3x pe is:

a. p'a>

b. かねっ

c. ภรุ'ทุ'/ล'ทุ'



סופיות דואות "ה"



Choose the correct letter from the answers below and write it on the line provided.





(An answer may be used more than once.)

When there is a "n," at the end of a word: (5____

to (the) place, A)c بررام

B. the word is عذبذ/عغكأ

C. ඩෙන තැදාව (C,එ she did क्ष्म विस्तृत

D. him/it or inilc

E. her, it/its, ઑાંડ\અફેહૈ





סופיות דואות "נ"

Choose the correct letter from the answers below and write it on the line provided.



ָאָרְבֶּעוּ	(1	
-------------	----	--

A. our father

B. he will bless me

C. he will bless her/it

D. he will bless him/it

E. we blessed

אָתַת קו אַטוֹת לְּטוֹת)

فراك فالرف الرق الرق الرق

Whenever you are not sure of an answer you can refer to the binder.



1)	f	a	t	H	1	e	r
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

- 2) name
- 3) life/person Sou
- 4) altar
- 5) officer
- 6) why
- 7) heavy/hard
- 8) good
- 9) land
- 10) what
- 11) years
- 12) also
- 13) eye/well (of water)
- 14) hand
- 15) way/path
- 16) man

		~ 2
౷	(X ,	

- **フ**優(コ _____
- aig (2 ____
- 87/c (7____
- ماد (تا <u>____</u>
 - pb (1_____r)
- อห์ดู (ม
- bē (p ____
- י) אַה
- ַיא) צָּרֶקּ:
- יב) אלְהֵת
 - ٠عناعناعناالمالع
 - 3'ָ (זי ____
 - מו) שָׁנִים
- שון טון טונים ____



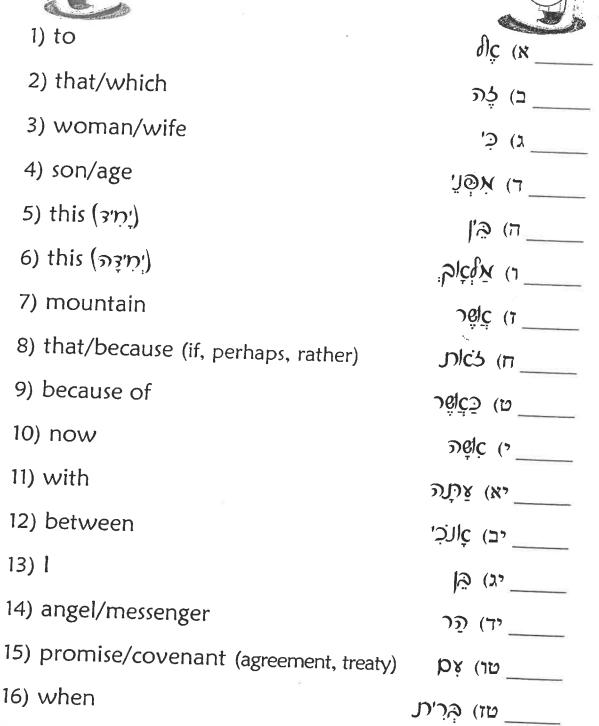






عارد عارد قارد والدونان

Whenever you are not sure of an answer you can refer to the binder.







خدر عادر فعارد وتداثون

Whenever you are not sure of an answer you can refer to the binder.

1) who

3°; (x _____

2) time

عاناد (ء ____

3) boy/child

にっ (メ _____

4) he

ال (چ) ال

5) charm/favor

אַ (ה ____

6) she

ין) כוני

7) heart

lda (T_____

8) foot

ח בללים (ח

9) feet

10) old

කුණි (හ _____

11) [(הְּצִי'ְרִיצִ') |

10 (

יא) פַּאִים

12) heavens/sky

רב) לכן ____

13) you (זְיִינִי?)

יג) אָי ____



