# Chumash Summer Packet Grade 3 2021-5781

NAME:\_\_\_\_



**Morah Schochet** 



#### TO MY DEAR STUDENTS

I got up early one morning And rushed right into the day; I had so much to accomplish That I didn't have time to pray (daven.)

Problems just tumbled about me
And heavier came each task;
"Why doesn't help me?" I wondered
said: "But you didn't ask".

I wanted to see joy and beauty
But the day toiled on gray and bleak;
I wondered why didn't show me
Said: "But you didn't seek."

I tried to come into 50 's presence
I used all my keys at the lock;
50 gently and lovingly replied
"My child, you didn't knock."

I woke up early THIS morning And paused before entering the day; I had so much to accomplish That I HAD to make time to pray (daven.)

SO DO NOT DELAY!!!!!!!

Don't forget to Daaven

Love, Morah Schochet





June, 2021 Sivan, 5781

Dear Third Grade Parents,

I can hardly believe that this fabulous year of learning and fun has come to an end. Thank you for sharing your child with me. It has been an honor and a pleasure to be a part of your children's "Chinuch".

In order to maintain and reinforce all the skills your child has learned this year, it is mandatory that your child complete the summer packet. It will ensure a better foundation upon entering fourth grade Judaic Studies.

I also highly recommend the following:

- 1. Monday and Wednesday read 5 Psukim from your Chumash.
- 2. Tuesday and Thursday read Rashi for ten minutes.
- 3. Friday look up the weekly parsha on Torahtots.com and read it.
- 4. **Shabbat** Share the parsha and Pirkei Avot from the beautiful one you received at your Siyum.
- 5. Please encourage and remind your child to daven daily.

Have a wonderful summer.

Kol Tuv,

We work

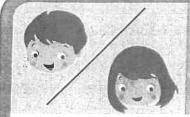
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Assistant



shevasummerpacketletter



זְכְר/נְקֵבְה

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

4. A word that is יְמָבָּף refers to:









5. A word that is אָבָל refers to:









#### **6.** A word is "ຈັຈຸນຸ" if:

- A there is a "n \_ " or "n" at the end of the word
- B there is a "p' ." at the end of the word
- (C) there is a "i" at the end of the word
- ① there is "no specific ending" to the word



#### 7. A word is "זְבָבַ" if:

- A there is "no specific ending" to the word
- (B) there is a "ni" at the end of the word
- © there is a "n" at the end of the word
- D there is a "n \_ " at the end of the word

#### 8. Which word is "אָבָר"?

- (A) ภารูด์"
- **B** အသွန
- © ၁၁ဝ
- **ြာ သ**ို့ဒိ



#### 9. Which word is "ຈຸລຸນຸ" ?

- (A) યુટ્ટાંગ
- B f'yn
- (C كاركُايْك
- چځ۶ (D





# יָחִיד/יְחִידָה, רַבִּים/רַבּוֹת

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

10. יַמִי =

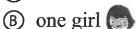
- (A) one boy (
- B 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)
- © one girl
- ① 2 or more girls ②

**11.** בְּבוֹת.

- A one boy
- B 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)
- © one girl
- D 2 or more girls

12. p'a2 =

A 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)



- © one boy 🦃
- D 2 or more girls

13. הַּיָּמִיּ =

- (A) one girl
- B 2 or more boys or 1 boy & 1 girl (or more)
- © 2 or more girls
- (D) one boy (S)



14. When there is a "or "or "or" at the end of a word, it is:						
(A) 3'77'						
® ขร่,ม่,						
્રહ્યંવ						
@nian						
15. When there is	15. When there is "no specific ending" in a word, it is:					
( <u>)</u> کرند (						
® ୬ၨଽ,ນ່,						
ره:'aر						
© raid						
16. The word "518	16. The word "ട്വരും" is:					
(A) Niaz	<u>®</u> p' <u>a</u> 2	ֶׁימִינְּהָה ©	ָהָיג,צ (D) אָי,יָג			
17. The word "שָׁאוֹת" is:						
rein (A	آون (B) کار	© عغٰ,ڬذٰ,	ָהָיגָי (D) אַיָּהָייָ			
<b>18.</b> The word "אָנֵהֶּלֶּת" is:						
ر جارر (A	<u>ි</u> ප'නා	© عغٰ,ڬٰذٰ	ָהָייָרָ D יְיִמִידּ			
19. "הוֹסוֹם" means	S:					
(A) cup	(B) cups	© milk	(D) honey			
<b>20.</b> "מָקְבּוּקִים" means:						
(A) paper	(B) bottle	© bottles	① pen			
אנור ליסדות לויטך דערע CONSORTIUM of JEWISH DAY SCHOOLS		רַבִּים/רַבּוֹת	יָחִיד/יְחִידָה, Page 6			



## זְכָר/נְקֵבְה יַחִיד/יְחִידָה, רַבִּים/רַבּוֹת

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

#### **21.** The word "אָכְתָּהִ'ם is:

- (A) אָלָ and מָלָי and מָבֶיר
- نَرْرُه and كَرْدِر ®
- Ceit and high
- יִיתִיבָּה and אְקַבָּה 🛈



#### **22.** The word "אָצָרָה is:

- Α τος and ρ'ρς
- رُر'د and چَرْد (B)
- © ગરુણ and પ્રાંસ્ટ્ર
- စာ ၁၃ညု and ၁၃'ກຸ'

#### 23. The word "אַסְטָּרָת" is:

- A יכָּגְים and p'בָּרָ
- ® אָלָי and פֿגָר and פֿגָר
- © ग्रेह्म and प्रांकर
- ेंपं.हं ध वाप नेंचेंंटेंं



#### 24. The word ">130" is:

- ה לכני (A בהים and בלני
- نْزر و and چُرْد (B)
- © नव्राय and प्रविद्
- 🔘 ၈ခုညှ and ၈ဒု'႒ု'ု





#### בְּדֶרֶהְ כְּלָל

#### **25.** אופית =

- A root (letters from which a word can be built)
- (B) verb (action)
- © a letter attached to the beginning of a word (prefix)
- (suffix)

#### 26. p3 y pe =

- (A) noun (person, place or thing)
- (B) root (letters from which a word can be built)
- © prefix
- (D) verb (action)

#### 27. /ছুভ =

- (A) a letter attached to the beginning of a word (prefix)
- (B) verb (action)
- © noun (person, place or thing)
- an "ending" attached to the end of a word (suffix)

#### 28. What is the סופית in the word "אָטורְגְּכֶּם"?

- (A) "3,7,1c"
- (B) "ICN"
- "cq" (1)
- (D) "x"

#### 29. Which word is a "p3x pg"?

- (A) swimming
- (B) writing
- © marching
- (D) Eretz Yisrael

#### 30. Which word is a "fyo"?

- A Yerushalayim B banging
- © sky
- (D) stars





# תִּחְלִיוֹת

#### בְּדֶרְךְ כְּלָל

- 31. Can there be two מָתְלּיוֹת attached to a word?
  - A yes
  - ® no
  - © never
  - (D) always



- **32.** "ɔ" =
- (A) the
- ® in/with
- © and
- (D) like

- **33.** "e" =
- (A) in/with
- (B) the
- © from
- ① that

- **34.** "ɔ̯" =
- (A) and
- **B** like
- © like the
- ① that

- **35.** "يَّ =
- (A) in/with
- B in/with the
- © that
- ① from

- **36.** "\$" =
- (A) from
- ® to/for
- © to/for the
- (D) like

- 37. What is the אָרְאָיִר in the word "אַנרּה"?
  - (A) "ຄຸ້
- B א,ר,ה
- © "NI"
- (D) "I"



- 38. What are the מְתְּלִּיוֹת in the word "וּאֲהַפָּסוּק??
  - (A) "@তূ*"*
- B "p+1"
- © "จหา"
- @ "pioo"



- 39. What is the מְתְלֵּיִת in the word "הּלָּיָלָם"?
  - A "8,",8"
- B "ゎ \_\_\_\_
- © "a"
- D "fa"







# שָׁרְשִׁים

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

- 44. These are the common letters that can be hidden in a eye:
  - (A) J, J, Jc
  - Sl, ج, خ, ۶ 📵
  - q. c, s, a.
  - D a ,J ,1,'
- 45. What is the פֿיָפ in the word "אְצַבְּרִים??
  - M, E, G. A
  - B 1,2,3
  - ۵,۲,۲
  - ר, ',א (🛈
- **46.** What is the פֿרָפ in the word "בּוֹרְטָוֹק"?
  - A) IC, O, IC
  - ر, عا, م B
  - C, 2l, @ (2)
  - D, C, 8 (1)



Choose the correct eye:

**47.** find =

- (A) lc,3,x (B) lc,3,'
- (C),1,8
- D,7,9,N

**48.** eat/assist =

- (A) 1c,3,1

**49.** stand =

**50.** bow down =

- (A) f, >, ' (B)  $\pi, \pi, e$  (C)  $\pi, f, \epsilon$  (D)  $3, 1, \gamma$

51. lift/carry =

- (A) N,1,6
- (B) 5,1,3 (C) 1c,e,J
- (D) 2,8,5





# סופיות - כנויים

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

Choose the correct n'@io:



**56.** me, my = 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

58. them, their =

- (D) "·IJ"

**59.** them, their =

- "ç(" @



**60.** us, our =

- "ڕٳ" ۞

**61.** you, your =

- (A) "J" (B) "pɔ̯"
- (C) "|a/| | (D) "pa/p, "

62. The "' ַ" אוֹפָּוֹס is:

- $(A) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$

63. The "ה ַ " חִיפָּוֹס is:

- ( عغٰ,ڬذٰ
- (D) عنيٰز

**64.** The "הָ" ה'ִּסִּוֹס is:

- (A) σία (Β)(B) σία (Σεία (Β)(C) σία (Β)
- © عغٰ,ڬٰ،ٰ
- (D) عبة;

65. The "ו/ו" היפוס is:

- (A) Jian
  - رَةِ'a (B
- © จรู'ทฺ'
- (D) 3,15,<sup>1</sup>

66. The "إيرال " ח'@io is:

- (A) μίας(B) μίας(B) μίας(C) μίας(D) μίας<
- © จรุ'ทฺ'
- (D) عبن'.

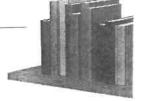
67. The "ຊ" ກ'ອຸio is:

- A Jian B p'an
- ָיִמִינִ © זְיִמִינָ סּ



68. The "בְּן" אוֹס is:

- Ψ νίαςΒ κίαςΒ κίας<



**69.** The "pຈູ/pຸ " ກ'ອຸio is:

- (الله هـ هـ الله هـ الله

70. The "בְּמָ" הַפּוֹס is:

- A niaz
- Β αίν,Β αίν,<

71. The "ປ" ກ່ອາວ is:

- (D) 3'm'

72. What is the סוֹפִית in the word "יָבוֹרִי"?

- (A) "lc,1"
- B "lc"
- © "ئن<sub>"</sub>



73. What is the סוֹפִית in the word "וְצִיכֶּן"?





## Rules & Concepts – הוֹפׁליוֹת

בְּדָרָדְ כְּלָל

74. When there is a "' \_ " الله إلى attached to a pay pg, the pay pg is:

(A) אַנְמִידָ (B) אַיִמִידָ (B) אַנְמָּוֹת

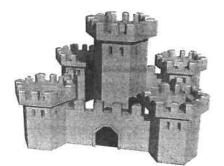
© אַיִּלְינָּתּ D all of the answers

- الريز المريزيرم عادر عادد المريزيرم عادد المريزيرم عادد المريزير عادد المريزيرم *75.* |
  - (A) my brother
  - B my brothers
  - © her brother
  - (D) your brothers
- 76. When a pay pe is יְמִיצָּה and it is attached to a הוֹפִים, the "n \_ " is replaced with a:

(A) "\n"

© nothing © "e"

- 77. pɔ̞ກ̪xin =
  - $\alpha$  bý $\alpha$
  - B poffe syin
  - พัน อิฐิธัส 🔘
  - mid agada





78	. At times, when there is a "" before the polo, the "" is:
	(A) a מְיְתַנְה and does not have a translation
	® translated as "he"
	© a b3k b6.
	(D) a ည/ရုံညှာ
79.	יאָבּינ": אוֹבְינ – The "'" in the word "אָבְינ":
	A tells you the p3x pg to which it is attached is רָבִּים/רָבּוֹת
	B is a ລາກຸ່າລຸ "'"
	. © is part of the ອາອ
	(D) is a n'finp
80.	At times, when there is a "" before the وأورى, the pş پ pg is:
	(B) كَرْنَادُ (B) كَرْخُولُ (C) عَذِيْنُ (D) عَرْنُادُ (D) عُرْنُادُ (D) عَرْنُادُ (D)
81.	
	(A) my servant (B) his servant (C) his servants (D) our servant
82.	At times, a """ at the end of a word, can be a:
<b>-</b>	
	——————————————————————————————————————
83.	אָרָכ פּן לִי לֹּזוֹ נְתַנ <b>ְתָּפ</b> יֹם בּרָא בּרָא בּרָא פּן לִי לֹזוֹ יִים וֹאָר בּרָא בּרָא בּרָא הַ בּרָא – The " <b>ש</b> " in the word "שַּתְּתָּתְּ בַּרָא
	(A) after "a" (B) ax'z'a "a" (C) p'fp (D) anp'a "a"

# סופיות דומות

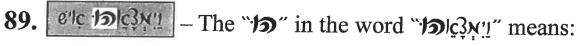
Look Alike "7"

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

- **84.**  $\mathfrak{D}_{\bullet}$ : The " $\mathfrak{D}_{\bullet}$ " means:
  - A to/fic
- B her, it/its
- © him/his, it/its © she did
- **85.** "attached to the end of a word means:
  - (A) they (did) (B) she (did) (C) her, it/its
- (D) to/blc
- 86. "13" attached to the end of a word means:
  - (A) they
- (B) to/fic (init) (b) she (did)

- 87. "attached to the end of a word means:
  - A you (3'n') did B her, it/its C she (did) D to/flc

- אָנְרֵיְאָפּ" means: אַנְרֵיְאָפּ" הּוֹרִיצּ אַנְרִיְאָפּ" הּוֹרִיצּ אַנְרִיְאָפּ"
  - (A) her/it, its
- (B) she (did)
- (c) to/ $\delta$ )c
- (D) him/it



- A to/flc
- (B) him/it
- (C) her
- (D) them
- 90. اَوْرَادِ عَالِيَ الْعِلَا ثِيَالِهِ عَلَى الْعِلَا مِنَالِهِ عَلَى الْعِلْوِ عَلَى الْعِلْوِ عَلَى الْعُوادِ عَلَى الْعُودُ عَلَى الْعُودِ عَلَى الْعُودُ عَلَى الْعُلَى الْعُلَى الْعُلَى الْعُلَى الْعُلَى الْعُلِي عَلَى الْعُلِي عَلِي عَلَى الْعُلِي عَلَى الْعُ
  - A part of the word B him/it, its C to/Dc D she (did)





# סוֹפִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת ״ת״

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

#### 91. "ກຸ່ລ" means:

- (A) house of
- (B) houses of
- (C) house
- (D) houses

#### **92.** "אְעֹרֵת" means:

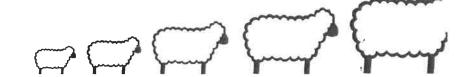
- (A) lamp
- (B) lamps of
- © lamp of
- (D) lamps



## סוֹפִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת "י"

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלֵל

- (A) my shepherds
- ® my shepherd
- © shepherd of
- (D) to shepherd



#### 94. "יצָי' =

- A shepherds of
- (B) shepherd of
- © my shepherd
- (D) my shepherds

#### 95. "יֹצֵי' =

- (A) shepherds of
- B shepherd of
- © my shepherds
- my shepherd



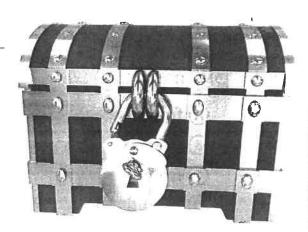
# סוֹפִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת "נ"

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

#### Translate the Joio:

- 96. Deen means:
  - A bring her back
  - B bring him back
  - © bring us back
  - D bring me back
- 97. Upon means:
  - A return her
  - ® return me
  - © return him
  - ① return us
- 98. ປົກກ: means:
  - A he will take me
  - B he will take us
  - © he will take her
  - ne will take him
- 99. الإرالية means:
  - A he will take him
  - (B) he will take me
  - © he will take us
  - he will take her





# 

# "it"

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

100. The following סוֹפִּיוֹת can mean "it":

A lc n





מ + סופית

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

**101.** "אַאָש" means:

- (A) from her/it
- B from you (רוֹבּאוֹת)
- © from you (זְיִמִיגִּ)
- (D) from him/it or from us



102. "אָכֶן means:

- ('ְמִינָה' from us (אַמִינָה')
- (באוֹת) B from you (אוֹבּבּוֹת)
- © from you (זְיִנִינּ)
- (Dian) from them (nian)

103. "אָאֵק" means:

- (יְמִינָּה) from you (יְמִינָּה)
- (אָמִי?) B from you
- © from you (הוֹבּאַי)
- (צַבּ'ם) from you (צַבּ'ם)

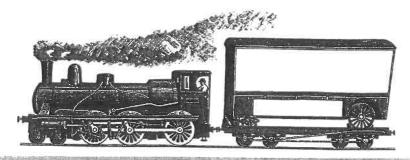
# סוֹפִיוֹת - סְמִיכוּת

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

- 104. When there is a "סְאִיכוּת" at the end of a word, it is translated as:
  - (A) in/with
- B of/fg
- © to/for
- (D) to/blc
- 105. The page pe attached to a "ת" סאִיכוּת יתי is:
  - rain A
- B p'az
- © **୬**ၨဒ,ည်¦
- D 3'ற''
- 106. The אָיכוּת " מוֹפּית: סְאִיכוּת " מי attached to a "' מוֹפּית: סְאִיכוּת " is:
  - إلا المارك
- ® p'ລາ
- (ّ) عغٰ,ڬذْ
- (D) 3'n'

- **107.** "ກູໂອຼກ" means:
  - A her prayers / ກໍ່ໃຊ້ ກໍ່ໄອ້ກຸ
  - B prayer of / le afon
  - C her prayer / அge அgo
  - D my prayers / 'le nilop

- 108. "'?'" means:
  - (A) hand of  $/ \delta g 3'$
  - B hands of / δ¢ p'3'.
  - ( my hand / 'fe 3'
  - (D) my hands / '﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّلَّ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا





# סוֹפִיוֹת - עֲבַר

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

113. 
$$\mathfrak{D}_{\frac{\theta}{\tau}} \rightarrow \frac{\theta}{\theta} =$$

- A he did \_\_\_\_\_\_
- B we did \_\_\_\_\_\_ gigg pign
- She did \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- D they did

- A she did \_\_\_\_\_\_
- B he did \_\_\_\_\_\_
- D we did \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### 115. "נקנים" =

- A he called or he (did) call
- B they called or they (did) call
- © she called or she (did) call
- (D) we called



#### **116.** "קּרָטָּוּה" =

- A she called or she (did) call
- B they called or they (did) call
- © he called or he (did) call
- (D) they called





## ״ו״ הַהִפוּרְ

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

- 117. The הַפּפּוּק "ו" tells you \_\_\_\_\_ something happened.
  - (A) when
  - B f¥ුම/verb
  - © the place
  - (D) and he (did)
- 118. The מָרְפּוּק "i" is always attached to a:
  - A place
  - B Jojo/suffix
  - © fğö/verb
  - D b3k b6/nonu
- 119. The "יֵיֵ" in the word יֵיַם means:
  - (A) and she (did)
  - B and you (did)
    - © when
    - (D) and he (did)



#### בְּדֶרֶדְ כְּלָל

120. Sometimes "nlç/nlç" can mean:

- (A) "from" (B) "with" (C) "I will" (D) "she will"

**121.** The word "nlc/nlc" usually:

- (A) means "I will"
- (B) means "like"
- C) is a n'oio
- (D) does not have an English translation

122. afx = \_\_\_\_ + nlç

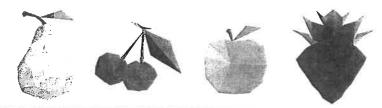
- Α π'ΘίοΒ βκό
- () ည မည်မှ () သ ရည်မှ () သ ရည်မှ

**123.** "inlç" means:

- (A) him
- (B) with him
- © with her
- (D) our

124. "אוֹכָע means:

- (seigh) with them (siaz)
- B with them (מָבֶיב)
- (c them (p'2)
- (seigh) them (siaz)





# מְלוֹת יַחַס

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלֶל

125. "py" means:

- (A) on
- B before C if
- (D) with

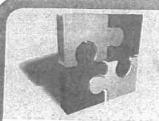
126. "בֹּין means:

- (A) before
- **B** between
- © from
- ① to

127. อร์ห = \_\_\_\_\_ + อก' ภร์ห

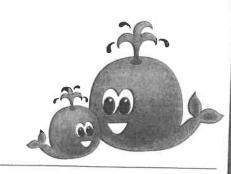
- اق در 🔌
- ه کارانانانا
- © bầá bể
- (D) 62,6





# חֶלְקֵי מִלִים

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל



#### 129. "ລຸລຸ" =

#### 130. "pęęż" =

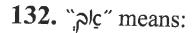
#### 131. "יֹאָסְצּוֹרֵי" =



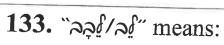


# מְלִים הַחוֹזְרוֹת עַל עַצְּמָן

#### בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל



- A heavens/sky B who
- © but, only
- ① you



- A place
- (B) when
- © donkey
- (D) heart



134. "plç" means:

- (A) with
- (B) if
- © silver/money
  - (D) bread



135. "ກຸຢູ່ໄຊ້" means:

- (A) these
- (B) heart
- © because of
  - (D) morning

**136.** "ρξ" means:

- (A) hunger
- B heavy/hard
- (C) no
- (1) also

137. "הוֹצֶה" means:

- (A) find
- B shepherd
- © see
- (D) city

012 3456 789

מספרים

138. "7" (مينې) =

- B p'ya@
- © ၁နဲဗ်ဲရဲ
- (D) หฺวัด

139. "6" (ກລຸກຸ) =

- פשה צשר (
  - B 66
  - © 266
  - D p'es

140. "4" (125) =

- פורה א אטות 🖲
- 🖲 ခန့်ချင့
- אַרָהָאִים 🔘
- סורהא @





### • דבור הַמַתְחִיל, • אוֹתִיוֹת דוֹמוֹת

בְּדֶרֶךְ כְּלָל

141. Which words are the "לַּצְּתְרָתִי ?"?

וְהַרְבָּה אַרְבָּה. מַמַת לְמָב, וְמַתַח לְבָּן (פס)

- »عِارِم أَعِادٍ (A)
- B "ါအ်ရီ သည်၊ငဲ့"
- © "(pe)"
- D "ຈຸລຸງໄຊ ຈຸລຸງລຸງ"

® "**>**"

B "1"

® "**Þ**″

B) "5"

B) "/"



TO MANUAL PROPERTY OF THE

149. "ภรุโบตู" =

Con i

- שָׁנוֹפְדָה" (B "שֶׁנוֹלְדָה" (A)
- "שָׁנוֹלְדָה" 🛈 שׁנוֹלְדָה"

150. "nisos" =

- אָלְםְלוּא" (B) "לִּםְלוּא"
- "לְסְלוֹתַ" ( "לִסְלוֹתַ" ( "לִסְלוֹתַ"



# פֹנֵר מִנְיַן פֶּנֶרק וּפְּסוּק

#### Complete the order:

?\_\_\_,יב, יג, יד, 151.

- א א)
- BIV
- CX ©
- יד ©

152.

טו, טז,

- (A)
- וו ®
- ©יט
- $\mathbf{G} \oplus$

153.

? \_\_\_ יט, יין, יין

- (A)
- (C)
- (D)



רַשִּׁ"י & סַדֶּר מִנְיָן פֶּרֶק וּפְּסוּק

Page

#### Read the p'plop below.

#### אונקלום

יד נַאָמַר לִיהּ לָבָן, בְּרַם קַרִיבִי וּבְסְרִי אַהְּ; וְיתֵיבּ עַמֵּיהּ, יְרַח. טו נַאָמַר לָבָן, לְיַעֲקוֹב, הַמִּדַּאָחִי אַהְ, וְתִפְּלְחַבַּנִי מַבָּן; חו לִי, מָא. טז וּלְלָבָן, מַּרְתִּין בְּנָן: שׁוֹם רַבְּתָא לֵאָה, וְשׁוֹם וְעֵירְתָא. יז וְעֵינֵי לַאָה, יָאֲיָן; וְרָחַל, הָנָת, שַׁפִּירָא בְּרִינְא, וְיָאֲיָא. יֹח וּרְחֵים יַצְקוֹב, יָת רְחַל; נִאָמַר, אָפְּלְחַבּּוּ שְׁבַע שְׁנִין, בְּרָחַל בְּרַתָּדְ. יט נַאָמַר לָבָן, טִב שְׁבֵע שְׁנִין, בְּרָחַל בְּרַתָּדְ. יט נַאָמַר לָבָן, טִב דְּאֶתִין יָתַהּ לָּבְּר אָחֲרָן; תִּיב. אְחָלַת רְחַל, אֲרֵי לָא יְלִידַת לְיַעְקוֹב, וְקַנִּיאַת רְחַל, בְּנִין לָא יְלִידַת לְיַעְקוֹב, וְקַנִּיאַת רְחַל, בַּאְחַתָּה; נַאֲמַרַת לְיַעְקוֹב הַב לִי בְּנִין, וְאָמַר, הָמִנִּי אַתְּ בְּעִיָּא הַלָּא מִן קֵדָם הּ' תִּבְעוֹ, וְנְאַמַר, הָמִנִּי בְּנְיָא הָלָא מִן קֵדָם הּ' תִּבְעוֹ, וְנְאַמַר, הָמִנִּי בִּנְיְלָא. ג וִאָמַרת, הָא אַמְתִּי בִּלְהָה רְמִבְי, וְאָהָבִּי אַף אַנָּא בִּרָה, וְאָנָת בְּנִי אַף אָנָא אָרבִּי, וְאֶתְבָּנִי אַף אָנָא לְנָה, וְאָנָת בְּנִי אַף אָנָא אָרבִּי, וְאֶתְבָּנִי אַף אָנָא אָרבִּי, וְאֶהָבִּי אַף אָנָא אָרבָּי, וְאָהָבִּי אַף אָנָא. אָרבָּי, וְאָהָבִּי אַף אָנָא אַרבִּי, וְאָבָר. אַף אַנָּא. אַר בִּי, וְאָהָבּי אַף אָנָא אָרבִי, וְאָבָר, וְאָבָּי אַף אַנָּא.

#### פָּרָשַׁת וַיֵּצֵא

כט יד וַיּאמֶר לוֹ לָבָן אַךְּ עַצְמִי וּבְשָּׁרִי אָתָּה וַיִּשֶׁב עִמּוֹ חֹדֶשׁ: טוּ וַיֹּאמֶר לָבָן לְיִצְלְב הַכִּי אָחִי אַתְּה וַעֲבַרְתִּנִי חִנָּם הַגִּידָה לִּי מַה: אָחִי אַתְּה וַעֲבַרְתַּנִי חִנָּם הַגִּידָה לִּי מַה: טוּ וּלְלָבָן שְׁתִּי בְנוֹת שֵׁם הַגְּּדֹלָה לֵאָה וְשֵׁם הַקְּלְבָן שְׁתִּי בְנוֹת שֵׁם הַגְּּדֹלָה לֵאָה וְשֵׁם הַאְּמְנַבְיְרְ שְׁבִינִי לֵאָה וַפּוֹת וְרָחֵל הָיְתָה יְפַת תֹּאֵר וִיפַּת: יח וַיֶּאֶהָב יַעֲלְב אָת רְחֵל הַיִּתְה לְבִּץ שְׁנִים בְּרָחֵל בִּתְּרְ: יט וַיֹּאמֶר לָבָן שְׁנִים בְּרָחֵל בִּתְּרְ: יט וַיֹּאמֶר לָבָן טוֹב תִּתִּי אֹתָה לְאִישׁ אַחֵר שְׁבָה: עִּבְּלְב הָבְּה לִיצְלְב וַתְּקנִּא רָחֵל בִּיְלְב הְבָּה לִיצְלְב וַתְּקנִּא רָחֵל בְּיִבְלְב הַנְיִם וְאִם אַיִן מֵלְב בְּרָחֵל וַיֹּאמֶר הְנִה וְאִם אַיִן מְתָּב בְּרָחֵל וַיֹּאמֶר הְנִה וְאָם אַיִן אָנֹיך מְנֵע מִמֵּך פְּרְיחֵל וַיֹּאמֶר הְנִּה אֲמָחַת אֵלִיִים אָנִיך מְנֵע מִמֵּך פְּרִי: גּוַתֹּאמֶר הְנֵּה אֲמָחַת אֵלִּיִם אָנִים מְמֵּך בְּרִי: גּוַתֹּאמֶר הְנֵּת מְנֵע מִמֵּך פְּרִי: גּוַתֹּאמֶר הְנֵּת מְנֵע מִמֵּך פְּרִי: גּוַתֹּל בִּיִל הְנִים וְנִאַם מְנֵע מִמֵּך פְּרִי: גּוַתֹּאמֶר הְנִה אֲמָת הְנֵע מִמֵּך פְּנִיי גּּיִיר בְּנִע מִמֵּן בְּבְּיִי גִּעַלְם בְּרִי: גּוַתֹּא הְנִים הְנִב מִנְת מִנֵּן בְּבְּיִי בְּנִים וְמִבּי בְּבָּר הְנִבּי וְמִשְׁר בְּנַע מִמֵּן בְּיִי גִּוֹל בְּיִי: גּוַ תֹּאֹבֵיר הְנֵים וֹבְבּי בְּנִים מְנִע מִמֵּן בְּנִים בְּיִר: גּוַתֹּל בִּי אָשֵׁר מְנֵע מִמֵּן בְּיִבְי בְּיִבְּי בְּיִת בְּיִי גִּי וְחַלְים בְּיִב בְיִים בְּיִבּי בְּנִים בְּיִבּים וְיִים בְּיִים בְּיִבּים וְיִבְים וְיִבּים וְיִּבְם בְּיִבּים בְּיִבְים בְּיִם בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים וְיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְיִים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִים בְּיבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִּבְים בְּבִּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִבּים בְּיִים בְּיִבּים בְּיִּים בְּיִּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבְּים בְּבְּים בְּבְּים בְּבְּים בְּיִּים בְּיבְּים בְּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִבְי

בִּלְהָה בֹּא אֵלֶיהָוְתֵלֵדעַל בִּרְכֵּיןְאִבָּנֶה גַם אָנֹכִי: לֹא לֹח זָה עֲשְׂרִים שָׁנָה אָנֹכִי עִפֶּּךְ רְחֵלֶיךְ וְעִזֶּיךְ לֹא שְׁכֵּלוּ וְאֵילִי צֹאנְךְ לֹא: לֹט טְרֵפָּה לֹא הֵבֵאתִי אֵלֶיךְ אָנֹכִי אֲחַטֶּנָּה מִיָּדִי תְּבַקְשֶׁנָּה גְּנָבְתִי יוֹם וּגְנָבְתִי: מֹא זָה לִי עֲשְׂרִים שָׁנָה בְּבִיתֶךְ מְ הָיִיתִי בֵיּוֹם אֲכָלַנִי חֹרֶב וְקָרַח בַּלִּיְלָה וַתִּדֵּד שְׁנְתִי: מֹא זָה לִי עֲשְׂרִים שָׁנָה בְּשְׁתֵי בְּנֹתֶיךְ וְשֵׁשׁ שָׁנִים בְּצֹאנֶךְ וַתִּקְרָתִי עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: בִּיוֹם בְּצֹאנֶךְ וַתְּבְּיִרְהִי עֲשֶׂרָת: עֲשֶׂרָת: עִּיְּבְרָתִיךְ וְשֵׁשׁ שְׁנִים בְּצֹאנֶךְ וַתְּבְּיִלְה אָת־מַשְׂכָּוְתִּי עֲשֶׂרָת:

# **154.** The first 3 words in פֶּרֶק כ״ט פָּסוּק ט״ז are:

- (יְשֵׁם הַקְּטַנָּה רָחֵל" 🛕
- ® "וְעֵינֵי לֵאָה רַכּוֹת"
- רַ "וַיּאמֶר לָבָן טוֹב" מיב"
- י וּלְלָבָן שְׁתֵּי בָנוֹת" (🛈

# **155.** The first 3 words in פֶּרֶק ל״א פְּסוּק מ׳ are:

- (יְיַנְיִי מֵעֵינָי שְׁנָתִי שְׁנָתִי מֵעֵינָי 🏔
- ® "הָיִיתִי בַיּוֹם אֲכָלַנִי"
- (יֶדָה עֶשְׂרִים שָׁנָה")
- וֹתַּאמֶר הָנֵּה אֲמָתִי" (וֹתֹּאמֶר הָנֵּה אֲמָתִי"





# פָּסוּק חָדָשׁ

(מַפֶּר יָהוֹשֶׁעַ א׳ :א׳)

- Read the plos below and translate it to yourself.
- Then answer the following questions.

ויהי אַחַרי מוֹת משׁה עבר ה׳ וַיאמר ה׳ אָל יִהוֹשִׁע בּן וַרְּי משׁרת (servant of) משׁה לּאמר

#### Translate the following words from the piop.

156. "וַיְהִי אַחֲרֵי" =

- (A) and it was before
- (B) and it is different
- © after they will
- (D) and it was after

#### 157. "וַיּאמֶר ה׳ אֶל יְהוֹשֻׁעַ בִּן נוּן" =

- A and און said to 'ה
- B and 'n said to JU মুন্ত ফুণ্ডান'
- ত 's said that u is the son of খুণ্ডান'
- D and ফুণ্টান' heard 'n say



158. Who was the 'ה אָבֶּ?

- A fu
- B rên
- Cho la Réjui
- ြာ ဗုဏ္ဆ

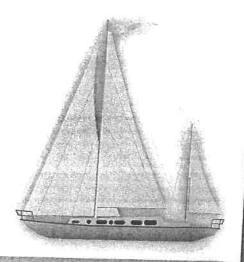


159. Who was the אָפָרת אפָּר?

- Aln
- B 86121,
- © กตุ๋ม himself
- (၂) နက္သေ

160. What happened after new died?

- A אַנְיִי שָּׁרָבוּ gathered together
- (B) nothing
- © אָפָּוֹסְיְ was called an 'הּפוֹשָאַ
- D 'n spoke to ধুণ্ডান'





סוֹפִּיוֹת צוֹאוֹת "נ"

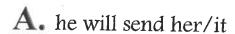


ည,နင်္ဂါင	אָהָית	اوْال "ل"
		จปุ่ ॢ (1
		<b>'</b> J (2
		IJ <sub>"</sub> (3
		<b>IJ</b> (4

Choose the correct letter from the answers below and write it on the line provided.



IJ <b>ミ</b> Ϙဢ(4	ည်သိုင်း (I
رة (5 <u></u>	กม่ <b>&amp;</b> (5
	11 <b>nse</b> (3



B. our kindness

C. he will sent me

**D.** we sent

 $\mathbf{E}_{ullet}$  he will send him/it





• סוֹפִּיוֹת "ת"/"it"

יָמִיצּ/יְמִיצָּהּ, וַבִּּיִם/בְבּוֹת •

Circle the correct letter and write it on the line provided.



1)	A word with a "n" a. of b. to	פּית/סְאִיכוּת is translated as: c. you (יִמִיגּ) will <i>or</i> she will d. the
2)	In general, when th a. אָכָר/יָמִי? b. יְמִיּבָּהּ	• •
3) '.	The following endin a. to b. it (אָמִייָּרָ)	gs "אָ ֶ " , "אָ" , "אַ can be translated as: c. it (יִמִיגְ) d. we/us
4) T	The following ending a. we/us	gs "וו", "אס", "אַ " can be translated as: c. it (מִינָּהְיֹּ)

d. they (p:ج.)

b. it (יָמִידּ)

יב. דים צמשְׁבֶּנֶת הַנְכוֹנָה.







Circle the correct letter and write it on the line provided.



c. Upilc

d. Apilc

a. p.plc

b. البيار



1) The word	d "ɲlç"	_·	
a. is a	เมา/คุณคุ	c. points something c	out
b. is a	<b>・</b> りう	d. is a p͡ð ɣ pe	
a. doe b. mea c. mea	al, the word " <code>ʃ)l</code> s not have an Er ans "of" ans "like" ans "I will"	<b>ç":</b> Iglish translation	
3) Sometime	s, the word "ח	ç" is translated as:	
a. with		c. if	
b. fron	n	d. no	
according a. the b. the c. the	g to the <b>N'ŌIO</b> word <b>NIÇ</b> mean word <b>NIÇ</b> does 1 word <b>NIÇ</b> means	s "with" not have an English tr s "I will"	
d. the v	word <b>pic</b> means	s "to"	
5) with them <b>(</b> n	ia <u>っ</u> ) =	7) me =	
a. µpilc	c. pplc	a. IJĮ)jc	c. Shilc
b. <b>þ</b> əlç	d. <b>p.pilc</b>	p. 'J)İç	d. <b>alic</b>
6) you <b>(פְבִּ'סִ)</b> =		8) us =	



a. پادرچا

b. اجار (

c. pېاراد

d. **pېار**ړ





- a. to (the) land
- b. of her land
- c. her land
- d. from (the) land

- a. hands
- b. to (the) hands
- c. her hands
- d. (the) hand of

- a. of (the) son
- b. to (the) son
- c. her son
- d. his son

- a. and he felt them
- b. and he felt to him
- c. and he felt him
- d. and he felt of him

- a. angels of
- b. angel of
- c. my angel
- d. my angels

- a. to father
- b. fathers of
- c. my fathers
- d. my father

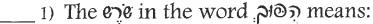
- a. year to
- b. years of
- c. year of
- d. from years



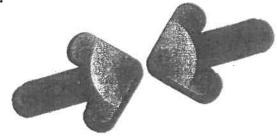








- a. look
- b. opposite/turn around
- c. rise
- d. take



\_\_\_\_ 2) The "ו" in a מָּפּטּוּק "ו" word usually means:

- a. like
- c. of
- b. and
- d. the

\_\_\_\_ 3) A อุเอลล "1" can "turn around" a word from \_\_\_\_.

- a. small letters to big letters
- p. よべん → までしま or ンラネ ← よべん
- c. ล'บารุ ← อมู่จ or อมู่จ ← ล'บารุ
- d. ຈາູ່ຈ ← າລຸ v or າລຸ v ← ຈາູ່ຈ

\_\_\_\_ 4) In the word "וַתֹּאַרְנָה , the "אַ פַ <u>ה פּ ה שּ</u> means:

- a. and you (3'ry') (did)
- b. and she (did)
- c. and they (מָבִים) (did)
- d. and you (אוֹם) (did) or and they (מבּוֹת) (did)

\_\_\_\_ 5) The "ותצה?" in the word "זותצה?" means:

- a. and he (did)
- b. and we (did) or and I (did)
- c. and you (did) or and she (did)
- d. and they (did)



7	"	ה	۳,
- 3		u	ᆚ

- 6) In the word "ilc?!", the "i @ \_ @ !!" means:
  - a. and they (בְּיִם) (did) c. and she (did)
  - b. and they (nia) (did) d. and he (did)
- 7) In the word "إِنَّ , the "إِنَّ means:
  - a. and he (did)
  - b. and we (did) or and I (did)
  - c. and you (did) or and she (did)
  - d. and they (did)



'प्राक्तियं ।

אָים פָּל מִלָּה צַּמָקוֹם הַנָּכוֹן.





and they	S
	(7
	(8
75.PC 111(C) 111	le se

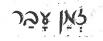


lc'จ	<u> </u>	
		(3
		(4
		- 1

lc13	<u> </u>
	(1
-	(2

թ <u>የ</u> ነ	וִקְרָאוּ
STATE OF THE STATE	וַתַעָּאָהּוֹ
စင်္ချင်သိုက <u>်</u> ၊	วอบไ
ั เมนอ <u>์เเ</u> อที่ว่	MICDI







## יו של מלא אָת בַּטִבְּלָב.

سَرْخُط فَالْجُهُارِي	J'@iOa Jl¢ &27a	ברה". פֿל
HE	වේද්	lan (1
	ก6่วั	<b>บทุปc</b> (2
	င်္ကာန်အ <mark>န</mark> ဲ့	3) <b>غارثاط</b>
	,गंठहंच है	با <b>ر</b> (4
	ညင့် <del>သ</del> ဋ်	<b>lc'</b> ភ (5
	ùé≌Ą	م <b>ن</b> ارًد (6
-	ည်းခဲ့ရ	7) وادر
	16/2र्ष	a/pa (8
	hသ <del>ိ</del> န်အ်ရုံ	9) <mark>عارث</mark> ر



### רַבְּ"י: אוֹתִיוֹת דּוֹאוֹת



Circle the correct letter and write it on the line provided.



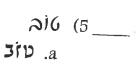


D.c	) (8 ) .a
7 .d	<b>&gt;</b> .b
5 .c 1 .d	<b>3</b> (9 7 .a
5 .c	5 (10 7 .a 5 .b
ے .c ا .d	) .a D .b
.c 7 .d	) (12 ) .a D .b
.c .d	D (13 D .a 7 .b
.c	D (14

<b>б</b> .с <b>Б</b> .d	D .a D .b
б.с <b>Б</b> .d	П (2 П .a В .b
r .c	7 (3 3 .a 3 .b
「.c 」.d	າ (4 ລ .a ກ .b
.c ה. ק	ひ (5 ひ .a ひ .b
n.c n.d	<b>ソ</b> (6 り .a <b>り</b> .b
	<b>)</b> (7

**>** .d



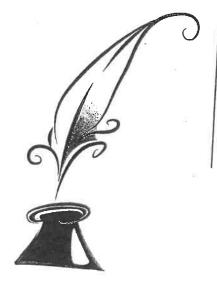


b. עונ

c. עוב .c d. טוב

より。 (6\_\_\_\_ より。.a は、はのり。.b なり。.c より。.d

עט (7\_\_\_\_ עט .a עטף .b עטף .c עט .c עט .d



ည်း ထူ	(1
a. מֲכֵיכֶּס	
d. מֲמֵיכֶּם	
c. מֲמֵיבֶם	
d. אֲמֵיכֶּס	

ןוֹזוֹכְלְּ (2\_\_\_\_ וֹזְלְּלְּוֹ .a זְלְּתְלוֹן .b וֹלְלָּלְוֹן .c לְתָלוֹן .d

3\_\_\_\_3 פֿמְבוּרָס. מַמְצוּרָס.c הַמְצוּרָס.c מַמְצוּרָס.d מֹמִבוּרָס.d

הוכלו (4\_\_\_\_ האון .a החון .b החון .c האון .d

בס"ד

ט. 🏂 בְּתֹב אָת הַסוֹפִית.



- 1) you, your (יָתִיצּ)
- 2) you, your (sain)
- 3) him/his, it/its or

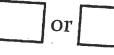
4) her, it/its

5) us, our

- 6) you, your (¿¢,a)
- 7) them, their (sin) or
- 8) them, their (¿¢,a) or

9) you, your (กรุ'ทุ่)

10) me, my







\_ 1) At times, when there is a "'" before the מוֹס'ס, it can be:

c. replaced with a "n "

d. translated as "he"

2) When a אָנֶק: יְמִיצָּה pg is attached to a אָפָסי, the "ה, " is replaced with a:

a. ""n"

b. nothing

d. "'"

3) At times, when there is a "'" before the pioo, the pi is:

b. 3'n'

c. ח/באות.

4) When there is a "'\_" at the end of a word, the p3x pe is:

a. 3''<u>'</u>,

b.リカラン/p'あっ

c. ภรู'กู'

5) When there is an "' " at the end of a word, the p3x pe is:

a. p'a>

b. かねっ

c. ภรุ'ทุ'/ล'ทุ'



#### סופיות דואות "ה"



Choose the correct letter from the answers below and write it on the line provided.





(An answer may be used more than once.)

When there is a "n," at the end of a word: (5\_\_\_\_

to (the) place, A)c بررام

B. the word is عذبذ/عغكأ

C. ඩෙන තැදාව (C,එ she did क्ष्म विस्तृत

D. him/it or inilc

E. her, it/its, ઑાંડ\અફેહૈ



# סופיות דואות "נ"

Choose the correct letter from the answers below and write it on the line provided.



ڹڿڔڎؚڮ	(1	
--------	----	--

A. our father

B. he will bless me

C. he will bless her/it

D. he will bless him/it

E. we blessed

אָתַת קו אַטוֹת לְּטוֹת ) 



Whenever you are not sure of an answer you can refer to the binder.



رة <u>3</u> الله

2) name

J@ (⊐ \_\_\_\_

3) life/person Sou

مان (x\_\_\_\_

4) altar

87/c (7\_\_\_\_

5) officer

ماد (تا \_\_\_\_

6) why

pb (1\_\_\_\_\_r)

7) heavy/hard

['\overline{8} (7 \_\_\_\_\_

8) good

บห์ยู (น

9) land

pe (v \_\_\_\_

10) what

אָר (י \_\_\_\_\_

11) years

ַיא) צֶּרֶקּ

12) also

- יב) אלְהֵת
- 13) eye/well (of water)

128

رړ) وچ

14) hand

3' (7' \_\_\_\_

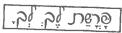
15) way/path

טר) שַּׁנִים

16) man

טז) אָלּכְם



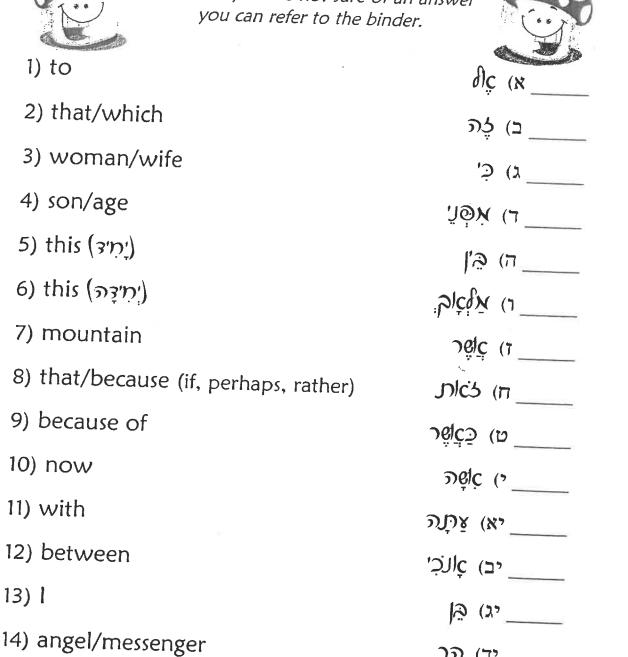






### فره عارد فعارد قدارد

Whenever you are not sure of an answer



יד) <u>ה</u>ַר

טו) אָם

טז) בְּרִ'תּ



16) when

15) promise/covenant (agreement, treaty)



#### جره عادر وعاادر وبدائده

Whenever you are not sure of an answer you can refer to the binder.

1) who

3 f. (x \_\_\_\_\_

2) time

عاناد (ء \_\_\_\_

3) boy/child

にっ (メ \_\_\_\_\_

4) he

ft) (7\_\_\_\_

5) charm/favor

אַ (ה \_\_\_\_

6) she

ין אַני (ז\_\_\_\_\_

7) heart

lda (T\_\_\_\_\_

8) foot

ח <u>ר</u>שלים (ח

9) feet

කුරි (හ \_\_\_\_\_

10) old

100

11) [ (מְּיִרְיּ/יִמִיּאָ)

יא) שַּׁאַיִּם

12) heavens/sky

رد) جُرْاً

13) you (זְיִינִי?)

יג) אָי \_\_\_\_



